

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR TROOP RATING LISTS

These lists are used to determine the quality of the various troop types within the various armies of the period. The percentages and organizations of the troops within the armies are a guide and players are encouraged to research further into the period for historical organizations.

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR - PRUSSIAN				
Broadly in 1870 Prussian infantry brigades normally had six battalions per brigade (two regiments) and two brigades of infantry per division. Attached to the Division would be a Jager battalion, A cavalry Regiment and four batteries of artillery. Within the cavalry divisions the Prussians would have two brigades of two to three cavalry regiments with a horse artillery battery attached to the Division. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 1000 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.				
Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units - 0-20%			Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 80-100%	
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Cuirassier	3	6-12	0-50	Cuirassier
Light Cavalry	2/3	6-12	0-100	Dragoons, Uhlán or Hussars
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Guard	4	12-20	0-20	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Grenadiers	3	12-20	0-20	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Jager & Line Regiments	2	12-20	80-100	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Artillery	3			Breech loaded or siege guns

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR – FRENCH				
Broadly in 1870 French infantry brigades normally had six to seven battalions per brigade and two brigades of infantry per division. The first brigade of each division would have a Chasseur battalion attached to it (the seven battalion brigades). Attached to the Division would three batteries of artillery one of which was a mitrailleuse battery. Within the cavalry divisions the French would have two brigades of two cavalry regiments. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 800 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.				
Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units – 0-20%			Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 80-100%	
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Cuirassier	2/3	6-12	0-50	
Light Cavalry	2/3	6-12	0-100	Dragoons, Lancers or Hussars
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Imperial Guard	4	10-16	0-20	Chassepot Rifled Muskets
Zouaves & Turcos	3	10-16	0-20	Chassepot Rifled Muskets
Chasseurs	2/3	12-20	0-20	Chassepot Rifled Muskets
Line & Marine Regiments	2/3	10-16	80-100	Chassepot Rifled Muskets
Garde Nationale, Sedentaire & Garde Mobile	1/2	10-16	0-40	Chassepot Rifled Muskets
Artillery	2			Muzzle loaded or siege guns or mitrailleuse

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR - BADEN

Broadly in 1870 the Baden infantry brigades normally had six battalions per and the Division had two brigades of infantry. The Baden cavalry brigade had two cavalry regiments with a horse artillery battery attached to the brigade. The artillery attached to the Division had four foot batteries. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 1000 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.

Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units - 0-10%				Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 90-100%
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Light Cavalry	2	6-12	0-100	Dragoons
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Grenadier regiments	3	10-16	0-20	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Line & Fusileer Regiments	2	10-16	80-100	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Artillery	2			Breech or muzzle loaded or siege guns

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR - BAVARIA

Broadly in 1870 the Bavarian infantry brigades normally had six battalions per brigade (two line regiments and a Jager battalion) and the Division had two brigades of infantry. The Bavarian cavalry brigade attached to each Division had two to three cavalry regiments with a horse artillery battery attached to the brigade. The artillery Brigade for each Division had nine foot batteries. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 1000 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.

Unlike the rest of the German contingents the Bavarians were not equipped with the Dreyse Rifle but rather the indigenous Podewils Rifle with some Jager units also being equipped with the excellent Werder Rifle. For the sake of simplicity the Podewils Rifles will use the same tables as the Dreyse Rifle and the Werder Rifle the same tables as the Chassepot Rifle.

Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units - 0-10%				Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 90-100%
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Cuirassier	2	6-12	0-50	
Light Cavalry	2	6-12	0-100	Uhlan
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Jager regiments	2	10-16	0-20	0-4 units may have Werder Rifles
Jager regiments	2	10-16	0-20	Podewils Rifles.
Line Regiments	2	10-16	80-100	Podewils Rifles
Artillery	2			Breech or muzzle loaded or siege guns

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR - WURTTENBURG

Broadly in 1870 the Wurttemberg infantry brigades normally had seven battalions per brigade (two line regiments and a Jager battalion) and the Division had three brigades of infantry. The Wurttemberg cavalry brigade had three cavalry regiments. The artillery Brigade had nine foot batteries. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 1000 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.

Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units - 0-10%				Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 90-100%
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Light Cavalry	2	6-12	0-100	Reiter
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Jager regiments	2	10-16	0-20	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Line Regiments	2	10-16	80-100	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Artillery	2			Breech or muzzle loaded or siege guns

FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR - GERMAN STATES (Hesse, Saxony etc)

Broadly in 1870 the German infantry brigades normally had six battalions per and the Division had two brigades of infantry. The German cavalry brigade had two to three cavalry regiments with possibly a horse artillery battery attached to the brigade. The artillery attached to the Division had four foot batteries. The average strengths of the units (assumed paper strength) was 1000 men for an infantry battalion, 600 men for a cavalry regiment and 6 guns per artillery battery.

Total percentage of Cavalry in army in units - 0-10%				Total percentage of infantry in army in units – 90-100%
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Cavalry	Remarks
Light Cavalry	2/3	6-12	0-100	Dragoons, Uhlans, Reiter etc
Troop Type	Class	Number of stands per unit	Percentage of Infantry	Remarks
Guard or Grenadier regiments	3	10-16	0-20	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Line & Fusileer Regiments	2/3	10-16	80-100	Dreyse Needle Rifles
Artillery	2/3			Breech or muzzle loaded or siege guns